

1. (original) A method for obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, said method comprising:
 - locating a probe for measuring an electrical signal of a dermal area
near a meridian;
 - contacting, with an isolation hood of said probe, the dermal area;
 - actuating a motor and feedback loop to apply pressure to a probe tip independent
of the pressure on the isolation hood against the skin;
 - and measuring an electrical attribute corresponding to said meridian.
2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein locating a dermal area further comprises providing a point locator for indicating a dermal location having a substantially greater electrical signal values than a surrounding dermal area, said point locator configured to produce audible signals indicating said dermal location.
3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said probe further comprises:
 - a biasing element operably connected to probe tip to control at least
one of the following:
 - a) the rate that pressure is applied to probe tip, and
 - b) the amount of pressure applied to probe tip
4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the biasing element is controlled via a feedback loop to provide a feedback signal containing information with respect to said electrical signal.

5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said probe tip further comprises: a convex conductive base; and an abrasive bristly matrix coupled to a surface area of said convex conductive base, wherein a plurality of bristles of said abrasive bristly matrix simultaneously contact said dermal area.
6. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said applying pressure to said probe further comprises:
 - stabilizing said probe against said dermal area;
 - iteratively measuring a electrical signal value of said dermal area
 - as said pressure increases;
 - iteratively comparing a present electrical signal value of said dermal area corresponding to a present amount of pressure to a previous electrical signal value corresponding to a previous amount of pressure; and;
 - changing said future amount of pressure when said present electrical signal value is substantially different than said previous electrical signal value.

7. (original) A method for obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, said method comprising:
- locating a dermal area of said patient approximating a meridian;
 - contacting, with a probe, said dermal area, said probe comprising:
 - a stationary element to stabilize said probe against said dermal area;
 - a probe tip operably connected to said biasing element to apply a pressure to said dermal area;
 - a detector operably connected to said probe tip to detect an electrical signal corresponding to said pressure;
 - a feedback loop connected to said detector to provide a feedback signal containing information with respect to said electrical signal;
 - a biasing element connected to said feedback loop to receive said feedback signal and adjust said pressure in accordance with said feedback signal; and
 - obtaining, from said probe, an electrical signal corresponding to said meridian.
8. (currently amended) The method of claim & 7, wherein said locating a dermal area further comprises providing a point locator for indicating a dermal location having a substantially greater bioelectric conductance value than a surrounding dermal area, said point locator configured to produce audible signals indicating said location.

9. (currently amended) The method of claim 8 7, wherein said probe further comprises:
- a conductive base; and
 - an abrasive bristly matrix coupled to a surface area of said conductive base, wherein a plurality of bristles of said abrasive bristly matrix simultaneously contact said dermal area.
10. (original) The method of claim 8 7, wherein said information comprises a bioelectric conductance value.

11. (original) A method for obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, said method comprising:

measuring relative conductance of a dermal area of said patient

proximate a meridian;

contacting with a probe the skin, said probe comprising:

a stationary element to stabilize said probe against said location;

a probe tip operably connected to said biasing element to apply

a pressure to said location;

a detector operably connected to said probe tip to detect an electrical

signal corresponding to said pressure;

a feedback loop connected to said detector to provide a feedback

signal containing information with respect to said electrical signal;

and

a biasing element connected to said feedback loop to receive said

feedback signal and adjust said pressure in accordance with said

feedback signal; and obtaining, from said probe, an electrical

signal corresponding to said meridian.

12. (currently amended) The method of claim ~~12~~ 11, wherein said measuring relative conductance of a dermal area further comprises:

iteratively measuring a bioelectric conductance value of a surface of said dermal area;

iteratively comparing a first said bioelectric conductance value

corresponding to a first surface location to a second said bioelectric conductance value corresponding to a second surface location; audibly indicating a dermal location where said second bioelectric conductance value is substantially greater than said first bioelectric conductance value.

13. (currently amended) The method of claim ~~12~~ 11, wherein said probe further comprises:
 - a conductive base; and
 - an abrasive bristly matrix coupled to a surface area of said conductive base, wherein a plurality of bristles of said abrasive bristly matrix simultaneously contact said dermal area.
14. (currently amended) The method of claim 12, wherein said information comprises a bioelectric conductance value corresponding to said pressure.

15. (original) A method for obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, said method comprising:

providing electrical feedback to a probe that is configured for measuring an electrical signal of a dermal area near a meridian by contacting the dermal area with said probe and actuating a motor in concert with the electrical feedback to apply pressure to a probe tip independent of the pressure on an isolation hood against the skin;

using the electrical feedback to determine when to stop applying the pressure to the probe tip;

measuring an electrical attribute corresponding to said meridian.

16. (withdrawn) A computer program product for implementing within a system a method for utilizing electrical feedback in obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, the computer program product comprising:

a computer readable medium for providing computer program code means utilized to implement the method, wherein the computer program code means is comprised of executable code for implementing the steps for:

initiating electrical feedback to a probe, wherein the probe is configured for measuring an electrical signal of a dermal area near a meridian by contacting the dermal area with said probe and actuating a motor in concert with the electrical feedback to apply pressure to a probe tip independent of the pressure on an isolation hood against the skin;

using the electrical feedback to determine when to stop applying the pressure to the probe tip as a result of having measured an electrical attribute corresponding to said maridian.